

A champion brave, alert and strong... To aid the right, oppose the wrong.

No. 129

Nevada Items.

On the afternoon of the 24th, ultimo, Pat Muleahy, Sheriff elect of Nevada, returning from the funeral of Mr. Free with a lady, in a buggy, his horses being frightened at some horsemen who came into the past, when near the lower dump of the George Curry, and went with the buggy over a gulch. Mr. Muleahy was thrown violently to the ground, sustaining his head considerably; the lady, however, fell upon him, and was much injured.

This heavy new pump-engine of the George Curry mine, at the Butcher shaft, has started into full operation, and reduced the water in the mine down to the 625 feet level. It still 100 feet deep down to the lower 100 feet level, and when the water is all pumped out, sinking the shaft will be resumed once more, after the lapse of nearly a year.

On the evening of the 24th, as George Curry and lady were driving in a buggy along

His story assures this side of Clark's mine that horses ran off the grade, throwing of Mrs. H. her child, both of whom we badly but not dangerously injured.

"Rumors.—It is rumored that the wages of miners are to be reduced to \$3.50 per day, nearly all the mines in Virginia and West Hill, after the expiration of November, and that the miners are opposed to it, and are preparing for a strike and the formation of another Miners' League.

HIKWAY ROBBERY ON THE OVERLAND ROAD—A private letter received last evening from Stillwater Station, on the Overland road, about seventy-five miles from this city, informed us that day before yesterday (Thursday) a man by the name of Archey Thurner was robbed on his way from this station to La Platte with a load of provisions for bridge hand, who he was met by two henchmen armed with

stepped up to the wagon and asked the driver (Archy) for a chew of tobacco, the other men at the same time presented his six brothers. Archy's head and commanding him to yield up his money. — Archy complied handing over some \$80 in coin. This did not satisfy our road agents, it seems, for ordering him down from his wagon they tied him to the axle of the wheels and proceeded to "dig through" him in good shape, taking from him \$325 in greenbacks, which amount was handed by him from J. A. St. Clair to the Countess (Clerk of Chubbuck county. With this booty the robbers departed, leaving him still tied to the wheel. After about two hours struggling he managed to free himself from the ropes which bound him, and mounting his wagon drove on to Stillwater. — *Union, 14th ult.*

been found in the United States is said to have been found in Cabarrus county, North Carolina, in 1789. It seems, from the account furnished Mr. Wheeler, by Colonel Burnham, that a boy named Conrad Reed went with his sister and younger brother to a small stream called Meadow Creek on a Sunday, and while engaged along the banks shooting fish, he saw a yellow substance shining in the water, which he picked up and found to be metal. His father carried it to Concord, and showed it to Dr. J. W. Atkinson, the silversmith of the town, who was unable to tell what it was. It was taken home by Mr. Reed, and being the size of a small smoothing-iron, it was used as a weight against the door to keep it from shutting. In 1802 he carried it to market at Fayetteville, where a jeweler pronounced it to be silver, and melted it, producing a bar six or seven inches long. It was sold to the jeweler for \$3.50, a big price for a lump of metal.

On the 17th of June, as Mr. Keoth thought proper to submit to a subsequent examination, gold was found upon the surface along Meadow Creek, and in the 1893 a piece of gold was found in the stream, which weighed twenty-eight pounds. Several other pieces were found varying from sixteen ounces to the smallest particles. The veins of this mine was discovered in 1831. The mineral products of the same mines of North Carolina are stated at \$500,000. The products of the Cabarrus mine in 1840 is estimated at \$3,500. This exhausts the data before us.

the main apartment and a room in the rear of the building, where they accosted two maintenance men, and they accosted two men on the porch. One of the visitors proceeded to immobilize the attention of one of the occupants of the office while his accomplice stood outside the other. After exchanging a few words, during which time one of the business men had risen, entered the front office for a minute or two and returned to his seat, the intruders took their leave. The tenants of the office, discovering almost before the unknown men had crossed the threshold, that a package valued at \$1,000 five-twenty bonds which had been lying open on the desk had been mislaid, immediately carried off by the thieves. Search immediately made for the reason, but no clue led to their identity has yet been obtained. The facts of the case were then reported to Inspector Carpenter, at the Coast City Office, and the numbers of the bonds—102, 202, 302,

17,402, 17,414 and 17,409—were made
to insure their signature if others be
to dispose of the missing property.

A SACRAMENTO man who contemplates visiting
Washington and Paris soon, received in reply
to his communication inquiring as to the
date of passage, the following information
from the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.
The agent at San Francisco. The first call
to St. Nazaire and return to San Fran-
cisco, costs \$485 80, exclusive of railroad fare
to \$50. First cabin fare from New York
to Liverpool in Oceanic Line, is \$325 50; in
the Line, \$80. Fare from San Francisco to
New York by steamer of the 1918 schedule in
the cabin, outside, \$225 50; inside, \$125.

CONGRESSIONAL—The Committee on Commerce
continued to pass the bill.

[illegible]

THE SALT LAKE TRIBUNE.
PUBLISHED WEEKLY.
TUESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 3, 1886.
Published by J. W. Walker, at the Salt Lake City Press, corner of Main and Second streets.
Subscription price, \$2.00 per annum in advance.
Single copies, 10 cents.
Entered as second-class matter, October 3, 1879, under post office No. 100, at Salt Lake City, Utah, under special authority of post office at Washington, D. C., October 3, 1879, under act of October 3, 1879, approved October 3, 1879.
Acceptance for mailing at special rate of postage provided for in act of October 3, 1879, approved October 3, 1879, authorized on July 1, 1886.
Postage paid at Salt Lake City, Utah.
No. 100.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

The President's Message to Congress, a full and faithful summary of the important state documents ever transmitted to this body. Its chief import, however, is the fact that the President, in his annual message, has shown a marked improvement in the temper of Congress on the issues at hand. It will have been observed that President Johnson's former expressed opinion on the subject of the reconstruction of the States, and again seeks to impress Congress the duty of speedily admitting the loyal representatives of those States. While with characteristic firmness President Johnson maintains the constitutional correctness of his opinion, notwithstanding it brings him in direct opposition to the views of the North in the recent elections, it appears to be no exhibition of passion or prejudice.

As we can judge from the brief synopsis before us, the Message is a calm, dignified and characteristic document. The closing paragraph, in fact, holds Congress the olive branch. Referring to the country, by reason of the conflicting opinions and interests in this question of reconstruction, President Johnson calls upon the representatives of the people to endeavor to bring harmony between the co-ordinate branches of the Government, that each proper sphere may cordially co-operate with the other in securing the maintenance of the constitution, the preservation of the Union, the perpetuity of our free institutions, and the welfare of our people, and so characterize these words as mere "glittering generalities," coming, as they do, from the Chief Executive just at this time, when Congress are thundering their anathemas on him and threatening impeachment, they are of solemn import, and manifest a laudable desire to calm the troubled waters. Were President a timid man, fearful of the he has raised about his head in the power, he would have hesitated long to re-affirm his opinions on the question between him and Congress, and yield from his message any further extension of views palpably at war with those of his body. But he has chosen to "stick to it" and re-assert doctrines which he deems to be "confirmed by time and reason," and again calls upon Congress to representatives from the South without condition than unquestionable loyalty, taken this position in the opening of his message, his conclusion, beseeching for the good of the country, cannot be pretended as weakly asking for quarter opponents, but as an earnest desire for peace.

His dispatches, however, detailing the action and action in caucus, between a delegation on the part of Congress to "carry into Africa," and smack strongly of the Executive. Constituted as the present Congress are, there is no doubt that the Executive will be shorn of the part of the removing and appointing heretofore so freely exercised by President Johnson.

There is no doubt that the frequent use, heretofore, of petty officers for mere political favors, regardless of merit and qualifications, has grown to be a glaring blot on the land. It has tended to corrupt the morals, make politics a wild scramble, and degraded Statesmen into mere money and place hunters. Reform in this matter is much needed, and the temper of the present Congress indicates that it will early attention, and decidedly prompt and efficient action.

RUSH VALLEY.—We are informed by men who recently visited the mines in Rush Valley, that interesting circumstances have developed respecting their character.

Rush Valley is in Utah Territory, forty miles nearly west of Salt Lake and we believe its mineral is mainly argon. General Comor, who is concerned in mining operations there, has been in his experiments in treating which is smelted readily in a temperance, erected under the direction of Mr. Fimmy. The furnace is built of stone, of a dull white color, found in the neighborhood. When our informant was there, two tons of rich lead had been produced from the furnace, which would yield silver per ton. General Comor is so satisfied with the development of the mine and his experiment with their ores, will immediately erect refining works, given good inducements to the miners to work their ledges, by offering liberal prices for their ore. Fortunately, the section is well supplied with wood.

REPORTER.—Robert E. Lowery, the reporter of the Virginia Union, thus bids to his friends in the following valedictory:

How far I have succeeded, I leave to you to judge. I have made any endeavor to contribute to the public good and the attainment of the readers of the local press. How far I have succeeded, I leave to you to judge. I have made any endeavor to contribute to the public good and the attainment of the readers of the local press.

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BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE "DAILY UNION-VEGETARIAN"]

New York, December 3.

The following is a summary of the report of the Secretary of the Treasury: The receipts have exceeded the estimates \$89,905,905; the expenditures have fallen short of the estimate \$20,538,385. He recommends a further reduction of taxes, and the present position of the Treasury is such that the Government is in a position to meet the demands for actual and permanent investment and the rehabilitation of the Southern States. These recommendations he reviews at some length and says he is of opinion that specie payments may be resumed, or ought to be resumed, as early as the first day of July, 1886.

The public debt, October 31st, 1886, exclusive of cash in the Treasury, was \$2,681,636,966.34; cash in the Treasury, \$130,326,960.62.

New York, December 3.

The Brooklyn flint glass works, on Hicks street, were destroyed by fire this morning; loss, \$150,000. Also Messrs. Daily glass cutters, in the same building; loss, about \$25,000. Michael Marant, also glass, \$4,000. Beers & Co., manufacturers of Britannia ware, and Toxat, manufacturer of German silver ware, were also burned out.

New York, December 3.

The following is a summary of the report of the Secretary of War:

The entire number of volunteers to be mustered out, paid and transported by May 1st, 1886, was 1,023,864; by November 1st, 1886, 1,023,621 were mustered out, leaving in the service 11,042 white and colored soldiers. The aggregate reduction of colored troops during the year has been 7,024, leaving in the service about 10,000, officers and enlisted men. The post-experience shows that in national emergencies our armies could be swiftly organized to at least the full strength of one million men. From May 1st, 1865, to August 24, 1866, over 267,000 horses and mules were used, valued at \$1,153,892. The barracks, hospitals and other buildings sold, brought \$447,873. Damaged clothing was sold for \$59,277. The fleet of 500 ocean transports, maintained at a daily expense of \$82,400, was reduced before June 30th, 1866, to 63 vessels; costing \$3,000 per diem, and most of these have been since discharged. Of 262 vessels employed inland, at an expense of \$3,193 per day, none were in the service June 30th, 1866. The cost of river transports, from August 1st, 1865, to the end of the year, amounted to \$1,153,892. The cost of railroad equipment amounted to \$3,466,739; credit sales \$7,444,073, of which \$1,200,085, principal and interest, have been paid; leaving due June 30th, 1866, of principal and interest, \$6,570,074. The military telegraph has been discontinued and sold. All unnecessary material and stores have also been disposed of at satisfactory prices. The disbanded troops stand ready to respond to the national call, and with our vast means of transportation and rapid organization, they can be organized, equipped, and concentrated at whatever point military emergencies may require. Recruiting and re-organizing the regular army have favorably progressed, in that there is now an aggregate strength of 54,302 troops. During the fiscal year, ending June 30th, 1866, \$10,431,004 were disbursed to the army and military academy, and \$248,943,313 to volunteers. Directions have been given to the Ordnance Department for the speedy manufacture of breech-loading arms. The alteration of the Springfield market to a breech-loading gun, has been adopted, both as regards to economy and its adaptability; it proving superior in all respects to the Prussian needle-gun. The principal movements of troops the past year have been in Texas on the Mexican frontier and in the Territories, while a sufficient force has been kept in the lately rebellious States to insure the execution of the laws. The permanent defenses of the country have been strengthened and their efficiency increased.

Washington, December 3.

The House met at noon: 146 members answering. Three new members from Tennessee and two from Kentucky were sworn.

Mr. Elliott introduced a bill to repeal the law authorizing the President to grant pardons and amnesty to persons who took part in the rebellion.

London, December 3.

Two regiments of troops have been ordered to leave here to-day for Ireland. The Fenian excitement is on the increase. Various rumors are current to the effect that in regard to the whereabouts of James Stephens, the Chief Organizer of the Irish Republic.

London, December 3.

An immense Reform demonstration is in progress in this city this forenoon.

London, December 3.—M.

Consols are quoted 82½. United States fifties, 70½.

New York, December 3.

The Post's Washington special says the members who have arrived since the caucus, object to the caucus to interpret the mandate what to do, and the caucus on Wednesday night promises some excitement. Thaddeus Stevens will not be its leader.

General Garfield has introduced a bill in the House to convene Congress on the 4th of March, 1867. General Schenck has a similar bill.

FROM THE WEST.

[From the Sacramento Union.]

SAN FRANCISCO, November 26.

It is now known that the schooner C. J. Wester, which cleared here for Central America, had on board 4,000 muskets of the best Springfield pattern, and a large lot of powder and warlike material, which was landed within four miles of Acapulco, and General Diego Alvarez received and paid for them, and the money is already in this city.

Full particulars of the route of the French and Imperial troops, 1,100 strong, at Pachutla, 75 miles from Oaxaca, by General Diaz, and the capture of Oaxaca, with the garrison of 950 men, under General Orozco, with 32 cannon, have been received here. Diaz protected the French as prisoners of war, and protected the private property of the men of the Imperial army, but that all the commissioned officers of Mexican birth. Colima is besieged by a strong force under Colonel Juana Garza, who routed an Imperial column of seven hundred men, mostly French, killing two hundred and capturing and dispersing the remainder, between Colima and Guadalajara. The French at Acapulco lately found that during the night the Liberals had scaled the walls of Fort Alvarez and set upon the parapet a platoon of Imperial soldiers, who were killed. Alvarez was in San Luis Potosi. This was the first news to the French of outside movements.

Seattle, November 26.

The Union house heretofore located at Port

Angelo has been removed to Port Townsend, at which place all vessels having business with the Puget Sound Custom house will hereafter call.

Victoria (V. I.) News.

The union of the land and sea forces of the British Empire, as proclaimed on Monday at noon, in the Vancouver land officials are notified to receive the British flag on the 31st of December, and whether the British flag will be continued or not, their respective officers.

San Francisco.

The telegraph runner, near Point Point, passed to have been true. W. Cooper, one of the three saved, arrived in this city last night. He describes the scene after the vessel struck as terrible in the extreme. An attempt was made to launch the long boat, but she was instantly swept away by the waves, which were constantly breaking over the ship. The Captain and officers did all in their power to save the passengers and crew, but all to no purpose. No boat could possibly live in such a sea, and it was evident to all on board that the only hope of being saved was in clinging to pieces of the wreck as the ship drove to pieces on the rocks. Cooper had on only his under-shirt, drawers and cravat, when he reached shore, and the others were equally scantily clad. They were nearly benumbed with cold, and carried out of reach of the waves with great difficulty. In order to protect themselves from cold, they dug a hole in the sand, and the three survivors crawled into it, covering themselves over with brush, where they remained until morning, when they found they were about a mile from the wreck. Only one body, that of Mrs. Jefferys, had been washed ashore when Cooper left, and the hull of the vessel had entirely broken up and disappeared, while the beach was strewn with fragments.

The following is a list of the passengers and crew of the bark Goya:

Dr. Rowden and wife, London; Mr. Jefferys, wife and baby, Portsmouth, England; George Byrnes, Sydney; Mrs. Lassetie, Napier, California; Mrs. Pearson, San Francisco; Mrs. Paige and daughter. Crew of the Goya: Captain, R. Paige; Thomas Barstow, first mate; Wm. Carr, second mate; James Skelton, sailmaker; Frank Bashby, carpenter; John Smith, steward; James Cook, John Smith, Tom Smith, Walter Cooper, McNamara, Bonney English, Fred. Myers, John Jones, George Owen, John Cooper, Oliver Tom, Peter Johnson, seaman. Peter Shimmins, a boy, and James Martin, a stowaway. Saved, George Byrnes, passenger, of Sydney; Thomas Barstow, first mate, and Walter Cooper, seaman.

At two o'clock this morning a fire broke out in a large frame building on Potrero street, occupied by Fishbeck, tallow chandler and rope maker, and Scoville & Co., candle makers. The entire establishment was destroyed. The building was owned by S. B. Whipple, and valued at \$24,000. Fishbeck estimates his loss at \$10,000, only \$2,000 insurance. Scoville & Co. estimate their loss at \$25,000; no insurance. A number of Chinamen were constantly at work, and the fire of the factory were kept going day and night under their management, and it is supposed to be the result of their carelessness.

Gaston D'Artois has commenced suit in the Twelfth District Court against the Alta California newspaper, to recover \$27,000 damages for alleged libel in regard to the seizure of the brig *Lucas*, by D'Artois and his party, off Cape St. Lucas, in which the plaintiff is designated as a robber, etc.

A protest against the passage of an amended act allowing saloons in which women and girls are employed, to keep open until 2 A. M., was presented to the Board of Supervisors, signed by judges, public officers, merchants, professional and business men, and citizens generally. The number of signatures appended was over 1,000.

The case of Gaston D'Artois and others, charged with libel, on the complaint of John B. Urmy, came up yesterday, when the defense moved for a continuance and a commission to take the testimony of General Vega and others in Mexico, which was taken under adjournment.

The Report on the Evening Star Disaster.

The report of the Government Committee of Investigation into the causes of the loss of the Evening Star having made its appearance, we are enabled to arrive at some conception of where the responsibility for the disaster lies. The report is prepared with evident care, and after a very full and impartial investigation.

The first point was the seaworthiness of the vessel and the efficiency of its machinery and boilers. The former was well and substantially built, and the latter also good and in excellent order. The sails, rigging and rigging were in excellent condition, but there were no spare sails or spars, and this omission one would think a serious one. When the storm broke upon the ship she behaved well for a time, but a heavy sea on the port quarter caused the rudder chain to slip out of its groove, and it took an hour to secure the rudder; and when it was finally fastened to windward, the ship, which lay in the trough of the sea, was not brought up by its aid. From this time all attempts to bring her head to the wind were abandoned, and the only efforts made were to keep out the water. The forward gunway was stove in, however, the water came in in immense volumes. The breach must be stopped, evidently, but that could not be done, for there was neither carpenter or lumber on board, and the struggles of a few inexperienced men were of no avail. The only resource now was bailing and keeping the engine fires clear, which was partially done, and the engine kept going, but finally the steam-pipe broke, owing to the straining of the ship. Very soon all hope of saving her was at an end, and in fact she began to settle down. Then followed the rush for the boats and the final agony. The boats were of the number prescribed by law for a ship of that size, but they were not half enough for the number of passengers, nor were they provided "with the detached apparatus required by law," and it is the opinion of the Committee that had they been so provided, "and properly managed and promptly launched, at least one-half the lives lost might have been saved." Moreover, the report says that there is no evidence that the boats were equipped with spars or food; "it is certain that none were found by those who were saved."

The report indulges in some speculations as to why the Captain, an officer of acknowledged ability and training, ceased all efforts to get the ship to the wind by means of a drag, as is customary in such cases, and it says that "with the few seamen at his disposal in such a gale he may have felt comparatively helpless." And the conclusion is reached that the wreck is a lesson to shipowners, that there is a necessity for stringent laws on such matters, etc.

The report having thus confirmed at least two of the allegations against the owners of the Evening Star—that she was sent to sea with an insufficient crew, and that the boats were not calculated either in their number or launching appliances, for such an emergency (nothing appears about a second steering apparatus, such as is found to be provided), the public will naturally be inclined to ask a question or two. For instance, why were there so few seamen on board, and is it true that the Company's views of economy kept

away him? Why was there no carpenter? And on whom would lie the responsibility for the death of the "one-half," who, if the boat had been properly equipped, would have been able to save the vessel?

It is a question of legislation if what there is to be done is to be done, and whether the Government must rest with the public and the unfortunate dead.—New York Herald.

LOCALS.—Frank Farrington, formerly local editor of the Gold Hill News, and W. M. Cutter, have taken charge of the local department of the Virginia Union, in place of R. E. Lowery, resigned.

NOTICE OF SALE.
WE HAVE THIS DAY SOLD TO J. R. Tumbull all the fixtures and furniture of the Golden Eagle Hotel.
Salt Lake City, U. T., Dec. 4th, 1886.
P. L. SHOAFF & CO.

A CARD.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. O. J. Goldrick is no longer Agent for the Union-Advertiser.
P. L. SHOAFF & CO.

FOR SALE!
HAVING received one of the best of the "Yosemite" press, we offer for sale at a bargain, a Washington Hand Press, No. 3, Plates 24x35 inches. Also we have for sale 200 reams of printing paper, double the size of the "Yosemite," news ink, gum arabic, lead, and other stationery. Also a Long Primer Type, second hand, but in good condition. Also, single, parallel and double Brass Rules, new, in abundance.
P. L. SHOAFF & CO.

THE PIONEER JEWELRY STORE.

J. MECKS
Has just received the largest stock of PLATE, JEWELRY, Etc., Etc.

Ever brought to Utah, to which the attention of those in want of.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS
is invited.

Also, a fine assortment of Muffs and Cravats, both black and white; as well as a large lot of Stubb's files, and such other articles as are needed by Watchmakers.

J. M. Barlow, Jan. Froehman, and Richard Britton, all experienced workmen, will have charge of the Watch Making and Jewelry department.

JOHN F. SKELTON.

SKELTON & POMEROY, BANKERS,
34 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

The highest prices paid for Gold Dust. Salt Lake papers always on file at the office. [no26-dkwt]

JOSEPH BAYEUR, Dealer in
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,
FIRST SOUTH TEMPLE ST.,
OPPOSITE J. R. CLAWSON'S RESTAURANT,
SALT LAKE. [no13-1f]

A CARD.
MESSRS. MACAULAY AND MALONY take pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Great Salt Lake City that they have opened a

WRITING SCHOOL
at ALLEN'S HALL, Main street. Hours—From 6 to 10 P. M. [no21-f]

Just Received,
A Large Quantity of Kerosene and other Oil, Paints, Varnish, Brushes, etc., etc.
GILBERT & SONS.

JUST RECEIVED,
A fine assortment of BUTTONS, TRIMMINGS, BATTING, etc.
GILBERT & SONS.

JUST RECEIVED,
WOOLEN DRESS GOODS, Such as Merinos, Delaines, etc., etc., etc.
GILBERT & SONS.

JUST RECEIVED,
A Splendid Assortment of BOOTS and SHOES.
GILBERT & SONS.

OLD TYPE FOR SALE.
800 OR 1000 POUNDS OF Old Type for Sale at this office. Machine will find old type equally as good as Rabbit-metal for journals, etc. [no27]

JUST RECEIVED,
A Large Assortment of STATIONERY and SCHOOL BOOKS.
GILBERT & SONS.

A Distillery for Sale.
A NEW DISTILLERY, in complete running order, situated at Stockton, Utah Territory. Apply to P. A. GALLAGHER, Stockton, U. T. [no22-1f]

JUST RECEIVED,
100 COOKING STOVES.
GILBERT & SONS.

JUST RECEIVED,
10,000 yards of HICKORY SHIRTING.
GILBERT & SONS.

JUST RECEIVED,
10,000 pounds COFFEE.
GILBERT & SONS.

JUST RECEIVED,
500 pieces SHIRTING PRINTS.
GILBERT & SONS.

TO LET.
HALF of a large house, near the corner of Main street, the best location in the city. Can be put into any kind of business except dry goods. For particulars apply at this office. [no23-1f]

Just Received,
75 bags Shot.
GILBERT & SONS.

Good Chances for Investment.
All desirous of obtaining Goods at Low Prices should call without delay and make their Purchases at

WALKER BROS.

The Large Stock of goods Bargains, Bargains. Call and examine our splendid Stock and Low Prices. We are determined to sell.

WALKER BROS.

SECOND TO NONE
TERRITORY
REDUCTION
PRICES
Closing Out of Stock
BODENBURG & KANN
HATS, YIPPO, HATS
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
STAPLE DRY GOODS
FALL DRESS GOODS
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES
MERCHANDISE
BOOTS & SHOES
CLOTHING
COOKING STOVES
Carpenters' Tools
Farming Implements
Stationery
We invite you to call

Local and Miscellaneous.

TO ANY PARTISAN.—The **VEGETER** is the pioneer of Utah. It is the only paper in the State which gives the telegraphic despatches a whole column of space. It is the only paper in the State which gives the telegraphic despatches a whole column of space. It is the only paper in the State which gives the telegraphic despatches a whole column of space.

NEWS.—It is not news that we are in constant receipt of the various popular periodicals of the day, nor is it news that Major Strickman, that universal supplier of literature to the inhabitants of the Pacific coast, is in the habit of sending them. Nor is it news that his literary depot in San Francisco is a place where you may find every book of science and intellectual taste. But it is news that by the last mail we received a communication from him which, in its quality and quantity, equals any of its predecessors. It is news that he gives, for their small remuneration, the most valuable information.

MUSICAL TOUR.—Mr. John Kelly leaves this morning on a visit to some of the southern corners of this Territory. His musical reputation is a sufficient guarantee for his success, and all who listened to the sweet strains he produced from his violin, last Friday evening will indorse us in saying that those who attend his concerts will be more than amply rewarded. And the wonderful performances of the little three-year old prodigy will add much to the amusement of any audience. To our friends in the Southern towns we say, patronize him, and you will be sure to be entertained.

UTAH MINES.—We publish this morning a communication from Dr. Fred. Davids, an experienced and practical metallurgical operator for many years, and who has for some time past devoted his attention to the mines of Breckin, Utah. He evidently has confidence in the mines of Utah by observing that capitalists shall have tangible evidence of its wealth, instead of depending on the usual deception of "Wild Cat" to deceive those who desire to invest capital in a legitimate manner with the assurance of a profitable result.

MR. WILSON'S VISIT.—Mr. Wm. Gilbert of the firm of Gilbert & Sons, returned yesterday on his visit to California. He is so generally and favorably known, that the object and result of his visit will be known through the medium of his extensive acquaintance in this Territory. We opine that the consumers who reside in this Territory will, ere long, reap the benefit of his business tour, in the opportunity he will have presented them of securing supplies of every description, and particularly those that are most needed.

NOTED ARRIVALS.—Among the noted arrivals yesterday from the East was Major Drew, United States Paymaster, who has just returned from paying off the troops at Fort Mojave. We regret to find the Major suffering from an attack of erysipelas, but convalescing, and hope soon to note his entire recovery. Mr. J. J. Tracy also arrived from the East, and as the Agent of Wells, Fargo & Co. will proceed at once to organize the sever agencies in this and the adjoining Territories.

MR. HOUSE.—Tom Prior has informed us, having rented his partner's interest, he will hereafter conduct the above house on his own account; also, that he has reduced the rates of board to eight dollars per week, and single meals fifty cents.

ON THE TERRACE.—We learn of a rumor that a Social Party will take place at the Eureka house on to-morrow evening. The well known abilities of Mr. Greenwood as a caterer for the amusement of his friends, is sufficiently established to ensure a pleasant time.

MR. HOUSE.—Tom Prior is running the above house now on his own hook, and the rates of board and meals are the cheapest in the city.

Arrivals and Departures.

PER HOLLADAY O. M. & EX. CO.
To the East.—W. O. Gillett, John Keiser.
To the West.—J. J. Tracy, Major J. W. James Stewart, J. S. Gilmer.

PER OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY.
To the West.—William Gilbert.
To the West.—Richard Ross, wife and child, Mrs. P. A. Gallagher.

(Communicated.)

Utah Mining Matters.

Stockton, Utah, December 3, 1866.

The inexhaustible mineral wealth of this Territory is a matter beyond question for anybody who has had a look at it. Nevertheless, it is a fact, up to the present time no Eastern or Western capitalist can be induced to invest his money in this most profitable country. Money has been invested, but very little. Very little for the reason that the required metallurgical operations have been, and are yet, quite a new thing in this country. The high development of it in the old countries, principally in Germany, is the result of centuries. The American people know more than any other people of the world, how to make any scientific or practical process useful to their own purpose. It is not needed to show how to get the benefit of the said experience in this case. Our object is not, either, to discuss any further the value of the failures which have been the result of every trial made up to the present time. The time of swindling and humbugging is passed forever. Its fatal consequence, the loss of confidence in capitalists, is now being removed to their own purpose. The time of operations, which are bound to develop the vast wealth lying useless underground, will result to the benefit of all parties and the whole country.

The only remedy is the practical result. The result can only be obtained in a rational manner. As soon as the enterprising capitalists of New York, Philadelphia, or San Francisco, are convinced of the payable working of the mines of this District, they will not hesitate one moment to make what has not to be called an error trial, but as safe an undertaking as has ever been made before. They never will be convinced by only having a chance to see a few picked out specimens of ledges, for in a great, as well as in Salt Lake, people will tell that a specimen assaying \$3,000 per ton, is yielding not that many cents, as the same yield of the same ledge. Therefore it is proposed to plain-holders to get a certain amount of their own work in the right, practical and scientific way. The certified result of this will give all what may be asked for the security of the real value of the mine, and its pay and workable character in relation to a successful way. If wanted, the product of silver bricks could be supplied with the same security.

To carry out the above project, works are now to be completed in Stockton, Utah, and will be directed by the undersigned, Dr. H. H. Henshaw, Esq. I think it unnecessary to add anything more about the matter, as the result will speak for itself.

DR. FRED. DAVIDS.

FOR SALE—
17,000 Lbs. Fine Leaf Lard, (40 lb. cans) in lots of 1,000 lbs., at 10¢ per lb. Would close the invoice at 35¢.
McGRORTY & HENRY,
Commission Merchants,
G. S. L. City, Utah.

FOR SALE—
100 Boxes Pale Soap, 20 lb. to 100 lb. Boxes!
McGRORTY & HENRY
Commission Merchants,
G. S. L. City, Utah.

FOR SALE—
100 Boxes Window Glass—All Sizes!
McGRORTY & HENRY,
Commission Merchants,
G. S. L. City, Utah.

FOR SALE—
100 Cases Hats and Caps Cheap!
McGRORTY & HENRY,
Commission Merchants,
G. S. L. City, Utah.

FOR SALE—
The Largest Assortment of Ladies' Fine Shoes ever Offered to a Discriminating Public!
McGRORTY & HENRY,
Commission Merchants,
G. S. L. City, Utah.

FOR SALE—
100 Boxes Tobacco—Different Brands!
McGRORTY & HENRY,
Commission Merchants,
G. S. L. City, Utah.

FOR SALE—
A Complete Line of Staple Goods, viz: Bed Tickings, Hickory, Denims Prints, Bleached and Unbleached Muslin, Strips and Cottonades—in Lots to Suit Purchasers!
McGRORTY & HENRY,
Commission Merchants,
G. S. L. City, Utah.

FOR SALE—
A Large and well-selected Assortment of Merchandise at Retail, and at Prices which, on Inspection, Purchasers will find to their Interest to make their Purchases of
McGrorty & Henry,
Commission Merchants,
G. S. L. CITY, UTAH.

W. H. WHITEHILL,
34 DOOR ABOVE SALT LAKE HOUSE,



Dealer in the choicest brands of
HAVANA AND DOMESTIC CIGARS,
SMOKING & CHEWING TOBACCO.
Genuine Heerschaum and Brier-Wood Pipe.
—ALSO—
Stationery, Cutlery, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Fancy Goods, Yankee Notions, etc., etc.

NOTICE.
THE PARTNERSHIP HERE-
before existing between the undersigned, under the name of J. Bauman & Co., druggists, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
J. BAUMAN,
W. G. POMEROY,
EDWARD A. SHAY,
NEWTON JONES.
Salt Lake City, Nov. 17, 1886. [no22-1wd-4tw]

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE
this day formed a partnership in the Drug Business for the term of five years from this date, under the name and style of J. Bauman & Co., and solicit a continuance of past favors, duly appreciated.
J. BAUMAN,
GEO. BAUTMAN.
Salt Lake City, Nov. 17, 1886. [no22-1wd-4tw]

GEO. WILLIAMS. A. L. MILLER. C. S. DAVIS.
WILLIAMS, MILLER & CO.,
Dealers in Groceries and Provisions.
STORAGE & COMMISSION
MERCHANTS!
Blake Street, Denver, Colorado.
Cash Advances made on Commodities.
THOS. S. CLAYTON,
Dealer in
DRY GOODS, SHOOT AND SKEET
Table and Floor Oil Cloth, Hats, Caps and Furnishings Goods,
National Bank Block, First street, below Blake,
DENVER, COLORADO.

JUST RECEIVED!
10,000 Lb. ROPE, assorted sizes.
GILBERT & SONS.
Just Received,
1,000 bunches COTTON YARN.
GILBERT & SONS.
JUST RECEIVED,
100 bxs. Lewis' "A" TOBACCO.
GILBERT & SONS.

1866

WASHING POWDER

CONCENTRATED

East Temple Street

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY

WASHING AND CLEANING

HAVE a special sale of this kind of Wash, put
up in the most durable and best quality of Wash, which
they will give to

The finest fabric

It is a good for washing in

Wholesale and Retail Purchasers

It is a good for washing in

No Soap Ever Required to be

ON STATE ORDER and

One Pound will make three gallons of

DEFY COMPETITION!

It is a good for washing in

It is a good for washing in

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

This Stock is sold at the most complete and ex-
tensive ever brought to this city, and is a great
advantage to all who buy.

San Francisco.

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

HARDWARE,

GLASSWARE,

QUEENSWARE,

STATIONERY,

NOTIONS,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Mining & Outfitting Goods,

MECHANICS' TOOLS.

And in fact every description of.

MERCHANDISE

That the wants of the country require.

We would call particular attention to our splen-
did assortment of

CLOTHING!

FURNISHING GOODS,

BOOTS AND SHOES!

HATS AND CAPS!

And in fact everything pertaining to

LADIES', GENTLEMEN'S OR CHILDREN'S

WEAR!

JOBBER DEPARTMENT

Is superior to that of any other house in the Ter-
ritories, and unusual inducements
are offered to

Merchants in Smaller Towns

—AND—

Mining Camps

Who wish to make their purchases in this city.

—ALL KEPT ON HAND—

COUNTRY PRODUCE

DEVELOPED TEST RECEIVED

Taken at the

HIGHEST PRICE

DEVELOPED TEST RECEIVED

IN EXCHANGE FOR GOLD

WILKINSON & FENN,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
BOOTS and SHOES,
HATS and CAPS,
MINING and FARMING
UTENSILS,
etc., etc. etc.

HAVING Removed, to our New and commodious Sale Rooms, on
2d South Temple Street,
We now offer
UNUSUAL INDUCEMENTS
To Purchasers

Our Stock was Bought for Cash at the
Lowest Ebb of the Market, and
is offered at Prices that
DEFY COMPETITION

While our attention will be mostly paid
to the demands of the
RETAIL TRADE,
We have a few
JOBS LOTS
To be closed out at
WHOLESALE,
AT LOW FIGURES.

The Highest Market Price Paid For
FLOUR and other
PRODUCE.
WILKINSON & FENN.
sept13-4f

BARROW & CO.,
EAST TEMPLE STREET,
1st Door South Salt Lake House,
HAVE just received a Large and well selected Stock
of
STAPLE
AND
FANCY GROCERIES,
Comprising the Finest Assortment of
COFFEE,
SUGAR,
TEAS,
TOBACCO,
SOAP,
SALERATUS,
CREAM TARTAR,
CANDIES,
YEAST POWDERS,
PEPPER,
SPICE,
CLOVES,
ROPE,
CINNAMON, PAPERBAGS, and
Every Article in the Grocery Line
ALSO
A Large Lot of Standard
SHEETINGS,
All to be Sold at Wholesale,
And at the
LOWEST MARKET RATES.
—
Our Goods were bought in
NEW YORK & St. LOUIS,
Upon the Lowest Market
And according to the respective ad-
vantages of these cities,
MERCHANTS and OTHERS
Will find it their advantage to visit
us and examine our
Stock and Prices
sept6-4f

SAN FRANCISCO,
HOSTETTER, SMITH & DEAN,
IMPORTERS
Wholesale Dealers
DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
PROPRIETARY MEDICINES,
DRUGGISTS' SUPPLIES, &c.
Particular Attention Given to Orders
for Utah, Montana and Colorado Trade.
401-3-5 Battery Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.
MARSH, PILSBURY & CO.,
N. E. corner Front and Pine Streets,
San Francisco,
IMPORTERS OF
HARDWARE, MINERS' TOOLS,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
METALS.
TIN PLATE,
SHEET IRON,
WIRE,
COPPER AND BRASS,
HYDRAULIC HOSE.
RUBBER AND LEATHER BELTING,
POWDER AND FUSE, &c.
M. P. & Co. have up for facilities for buying
any goods in their general line that may be wanted
through the mining Territories of the Pacific Coast.
Orders by mail or express promptly executed, and
satisfaction guaranteed.
MEACHER, TAAFFE AND CO.,
BATTERY STREET,
San Francisco,
AGENTS FOR
Mount Vernon Duck Company.
No. 1 to 10 for Sail Makers;
No. 1-0 to 12-0 for Hydraulic purposes;
32 to 72 inches wide for wagon covers
tarpaulins, &c., &c.
IMPORTERS AND
Wholesale Dealers
FOREIGN AND AMERICAN
DRY GOODS.
YANKEE NOTIONS &c., &c.
Particular attention paid to orders from Utah, Idaho,
Nevada or Montana, and goods carefully shipped by
the Chicago, Ann. & Colorado routes, at lowest
rates.
M. T. & CO.,
107 Battery Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.
WHOLESALE STATIONERY
WAREHOUSE!
JOHN G. HODGE & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
STATIONERY,
BLANK BOOKS,
SCHOOL BOOKS,
CHEAP PUBLICATIONS,
WRAPPING PAPER,
PAPER BAGS, &c.
County Officers, Mining Companies, and Banks
supplied.
Blank Books manufactured to order.
The Country Trade supplied at the lowest market
rates, and satisfaction guaranteed.
418 and 430 Clay Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.
MERCANTILE
UTAH, MONTANA, IDAHO AND NEVADA.
L. B. BENCHLEY & Co.,
IMPORTERS OF
AMERICAN AND FOREIGN
HARDWARE.
San Francisco, California.
Buy leave to call the attention of Dealers in Mining
Agriculture, and House-building Hardware to the
large and complete Stock of Goods, which we
continually receiving direct from the
and which they can see the lowest prices, and
all orders are made with the same promptness
and satisfaction.
We have leave to call on Messrs. WALKER BROS
and Wm. JENKINSON, Esq., Salt Lake City.
oct26-lyasp

FALL AND WINTER
DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING
109-111 JEWELL ST.
COHN & CO.
"CALIFORNIA STORE"
NEARLY OPPOSITE THE
SALT LAKE HOUSE
Have just received a large stock of
goods, in the above lines, consisting of
GENTS' CLOTHING
AND
LADIES' HATS
SUPERB STOCK.
NEW TRIMMING GOODS,
THEIR STOCK IS CONSTANTLY RECEIVING ADDITIONAL
STYLES, BY EXPRESS, FROM BOTH SAN FRANCISCO AND
NEW YORK.
The gents and ladies of town and country are
to call and see our goods before purchasing elsewhere.
oct16-1119

GREENBERG & CO.
PIONEER
Cigar and Tobacco
Warehouse
Next door to Walker Bros.
EAST TEMPLE STREET.
Have just opened their immense stock of
Fine Cigars,
CHEWING & SMOKING TOBACCO
Genuine Meerschaum and Other
Pipes,
PLAYING CARDS,
STATIONERY,
CUTLERY,
NOTIONS,
LAMPS AND FIXTURES
IN GREAT VARIETY, ETC.
Which they offer at prices that defy competition.
Please Give Us a Call.
july19-14

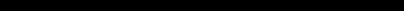
R. H. McDONALD. J. C. SRAE
R. H. McDONALD & CO.
IMPORTING AND WHOLESALE
DRUGGISTS,
Corner of Sansome and Pine Streets,
SAN FRANCISCO,
AND **SACRAMENTO CITY,** California.
We most respectfully invite the attention of
Druggists, Dentists, Physicians, Surgeons,
Merchants, Millmen, Assayers,
Brewers, and others,
To our well-assorted stock of articles in their line
business:
Drugs and Medicines, Herbs and Field Remedies,
Paints and Oils, Dental Goods, Crutches,
Retorts, Surgical Instruments,
Elastic Stockings, Trusses,
etc., etc., etc.
Together with a complete assortment of Drugs,
Our Senior Partner is now residing at the East,
giving his personal attention to furnishing supplies,
and therefore enabled to furnish goods of the first qual-
ity at very **LOW PRICES.** We will not be undersold
by any house in California.
We would respectfully solicit those desiring to pur-
chase to examine and price our stock before purchasing
elsewhere.
Goods shipped to any part of the coast.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.
San Francisco and Sacramento City.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
SAN FRANCISCO AND SACRAMENTO CITY,
IMPORTERS OF
Dental and Surgical Instruments,
Teeth, Gold Fill, Bases of all kinds, Dental
Plates, all sizes, with and without Instruments,
on Dentistry published.
The Dental Profession can rely upon having their
orders filled in the best possible manner, and with a
patch.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Corner Sansome and Pine Sts., San Francisco,
and Sacramento City.

VULCAN IRON WORKS CO.
(ESTABLISHED 1860.)
FIRST, NATIONAL, TREMONT
AND REALE STS.,
BAY VIEW, CALIFORNIA.
Jas. Forman, President; Charles E. Smith, Secy.
H. H. Sanders, Cashier; Robert Sanders, and Wm.
C. Sanders, Directors.
These Works have lately been increased by the
addition of new shops on Fremont Street, and the
superiority of the original establishment. They are
the best turning and working shops in the West,
and are well equipped in the most modern manner.
The Company are prepared to execute orders
for all kinds of Machinery and Boiler Work, and
for the building and repairing of all kinds of
Engines, Steam Mills, Paper Mills, Saw Mills,
and all kinds of Machinery, and for the building
and repairing of all kinds of Boats, and for the
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